

UNIVERSIDAD DE CASTILLA LA MANCHA  
 Prueba de Aptitud para el acceso a la Universidad (Bachillerato L.O.G.S.E.)  
 IDIOMA: Inglés

SUMMER CAMPS

According to the American Camping Association, enrolments at summer camps in the United States have actually **been** increasing by 8 percent to 10 percent annually for the past **seven** years.

Parents who attended a summer **camp** in their youth may not **realise** how **much** summer camps **have changed**. Sadly the most obvious **change** is the need for increased security and regulations. Another **change** is the length of stay. Twenty years ago, **many** parents didn't think **twice** about sending their **child** away for four or **even** eight weeks at a time. **Today, day** camps are more popular than **ever**, while sleep-away camps run by organisations like Boy Scouts typically **run** sessions of one week. Still, almost **all of the** parents who send their **child** for more than **two** weeks do so **because** the **child** has **been** to a **camp before** and pressures them into it.

The stated mission of **many** camps is to improve the self-esteem of their **campers**. Building self-esteem was **cited** in a **national** 1998 **ACA** survey as the number-one **reason** parents sent their kids to **camp**. (Spending time in a safe environment was second, and building social **skills** and making **friends** was third).

QUESTIONS

1- READING COMPREHENSION. 2 points ( 0,5 each correct answer)

Which of the **following** options **is correct** in the **context** of the passage?

- 1- The number of children **attending** a summer **camp**.....
- a) is decreasing.
  - b) is increasing.
  - c) is neither increasing nor decreasing.
- 2- Which **is** the most remarkable **change** that **Summer Camps** have suffered?
- a) The need for increased security.
  - b) Camps improve the self-esteem of their **campers**.
  - c) **Children** can make friends.

3- Children who attend a summer **camp** . . . . .

- a) do not want to go **back** to it.
- b) want to go **back** to it.
- c) love animals.

4- Years ago, parents used to send their children to a summer **camp**.. . . .

- a) for shorter periods than they do nowadays.
- b) for longer periods than they do nowadays.
- c) for the same length of time as they do nowadays.

II- EXPRESSING THE MAIN IDEAS. 2 points. ( 1 each correct answer)

Answer the following questions according to the information given in the text. Use your own words.

- 1- Why do **parents** send their kids to a summer **camp** ?
- 2- What is the difference between a **day camp** and a sleep-away **camp**?

III- USE OF ENGLISH ( 3 points; 0,5 each correct answer)

Rewrite the following **sentences** starting **with** the words given.

1- ' Where did the robbery take place ?' he asked.

He asked .....

2- Fleming discovered penicillin **in** 1928.

Penicillin.....

3- **You can't have** a bicycle.

**You** are .....

4- I **don't know** her address, so I **can't** write to her.

If I .....

5- A new magazine **is on** the hall **table**.

There **is** .....

6- Write the **correct question** for the **underlined** words.

.....

John lives next door.

IV- COMPOSITION. (About 100 words) ( 3 points max.)

Choose ONE of the following options. **Specify your** option.

(Además del contenido, se tendrá en cuenta la corrección gramatical, la forma de expresión-estructuras correctas)

- A) Would **you** like to attend a summer **camp**?
- B) What would **you like** to do this summer ?