## MISTAKES TO AVOID IN COMPOSITIONS. PAEG INGLÉS 2012-13

The data in this table are based on frequent mistakes in students' compositions. Only those belonging to the primary education curriculum have been highlighted. In each sentence there are **two** mistakes (one is <u>underlined</u>, but you have to identify **another** vocabulary or grammar mistake **in each example**).

Then copy the sentences in your notebook correctly.

MISTAKE	EXAMPLE
"is" without a subject.	because <b>is</b> very important studying.
Mistakes with the verb "to be."	My friends <u>is</u> coming in theirs cars. They <u>was</u> in an hotel. You <u>was</u> surprise.
Mistakes with the verb "Have"	She <u>have</u> three brothers older.
Present or past continuous without "to be."	The phone ringed while <b>she having</b> a shower. <b>I doing</b> an exam in this moment.
Mistakes with the Simple Past	He <u>thinked/thank</u> that it was ten past twenty-five. He <u>didn't thought</u> about that possibilities. They <u>listenned</u> the teacher attentively.
Modal Verbs	I <u>can to</u> go to England for do an English course. You <u>not must</u> talk during the lesson maths. I <u>will can</u> live in other country.
No third person or no subject. No tense used.	When he <b>go</b> to England always <b>visit</b> his English friends; When <b>come</b> back, <b>use</b> e-mail to keeping in contact.
Talking about past events with no past tense form.	Yesterday I walk the dog and after I watch TV.
Interrogatives	Do he watches television in the weekend? What he liked do on Saturdays? Did they played football whit his friends? Who did break those window?
Negatives	He <u>not go</u> to the cinema because has no money. She <u>don't</u> drink beer and wine. He <u>didn't went</u> to London the last summer.
Adjectives after nouns.	He gave to her a present <u>very nice</u> .
Adjectives in plural.	I saw a lot of <b>importants</b> buildings during the travel.
Plurals (countable/uncountable/irregular).	I think <u>childrens</u> like very much playing football.  I have a lot of <u>furnitures</u> in my bedroom, the same that you. People <u>is</u> very nice, and everyone are really kind.  My <u>fathers</u> live near of London.
Personal Pronouns / Possessive adjectives and pronouns	I saw <u>he</u> in the street. He was wearing a black jeans. They sent <u>his</u> a letter of France. <u>Yours</u> teachers are very serious, I don't like they.
Age with the verb "have"	He <u>has</u> twelve years. I <u>have</u> the same age than my sister; we are twins.
Comparatives	Jupiter is <u>more bigger</u> that Saturn. This is <u>the more</u> difficult question of the exam.
Fixed expressions	I'm from <u>in</u> Spain, so I'm a Spanish. How <u>is pronounced</u> "genre"? It is a French word?
"Like"	I like <u>listen</u> pop music. I would like <u>visiting</u> NY, but it is too much expensive. Another thing that <u>like me</u> is eat paella.
Basic prepositions: in, on, at	On summer I usually pass my holidays at the beach.  At the South of England people speaks differently.

to be / have got / present simple & continuous / past simple & past continuous / pronouns & possessives / adjectives / plurals / basic word order / basic prepositions / basic modal verbs / basic vocabulary / comparatives.